

LE4320 H1 Quinplex Syn Food Grade Gear Oil Lubrication Engineers NZ Ltd

Chemwatch: 84-9257 Version No: 6.1

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Initial Date: 01/09/2017 Revision Date: 04/04/2025 Print Date: 15/09/2025 S.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

| Product name | LE4320 H1 Quinplex Syn Food Grade Gear Oil | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Chemical Name | Not Applicable | |
| Synonyms | Not Available | |
| Chemical formula | Not Applicable | |
| Other means of identification | Not Available | |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Relevant identified uses | Lubricant; Not for consumer use. |
|--------------------------|---|
| Relevant identified uses | Use according to manufacturer's directions. |

Details of the manufacturer or importer of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | Lubrication Engineers NZ Ltd | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Address | F Piermark Drive North Harbour Industrial Estate Albany, Auckland New Zealand | |
| Telephone | +64 09 415 9411 | |
| Fax | +64 09 4158411 | |
| Website | Not Available | |
| Email | Not Available | |

Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation | Lubrication Engineers NZ Ltd | CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7) | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Emergency telephone number(s) | +64 21 3385487 | +64 800 700 112 (ID#: 84-9257) | |
| Other emergency telephone number(s) | Not Available | +61 3 9573 3188 | |

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Not considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Not regulated for transport of Dangerous Goods.

Chemwatch Hazard Ratings

| | Min | Max | |
|--------------|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| Flammability | 0 | | |
| Toxicity | 0 | | |
| Body Contact | 0 | | 0 = Minimum 1 = Low |
| Reactivity | 1 | | 2 = Moderate |
| Chronic | 0 | | 3 = High 4 = Extreme |

| Classification ^[1] | Non hazardous |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Legend: | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI |

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Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria

Not Available

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)

Not Applicable

Signal word

Not Applicable

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

No further product hazard information.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

| CAS No | %[weight] | Name |
|--|-----------|--|
| 64742-46-7. | 1-5 | distillates, petroleum, middle, hydrotreated |
| Not Available | balance | Ingredients determined not to be hazardous |
| Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available | | |

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | If this product comes in contact with eyes: • Wash out immediately with water. • If irritation continues, seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. |
|--------------|--|
| Skin Contact | If skin or hair contact occurs: ► Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ► Seek medical attention in event of irritation. |
| Inhalation | If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. |
| Ingestion | Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. |

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Water spray or fog.
- Alcohol stable foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- Carbon dioxide.

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Do not use a water jet to fight fire.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

 Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting

Fire/Explosion Hazard

- ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.
- ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
- Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
- Combustible.

▶ Slight fire I

- ▶ Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.
- Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.
- ▶ On combustion, may emit irritating/ toxic fumes.

May emit poisonous fumes.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor | Spills |
|-------|--------|
| | ор |

- Remove all ignition sources
- Clean up all spills immediately.
- Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.
- Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.

Major Spills

Moderate hazard.

- Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

- Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- ▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- ▶ Use in a well-ventilated area.
- Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.

Other information

- Store in original containers.
- ▶ Keep containers securely sealed.
- ▶ No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

- Metal can or drum
- ▶ Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
- Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

Storage incompatibility

- ► Avoid reaction with oxidising agents
- Avoid strong acids, bases















- X Must not be stored together
- May be stored together with specific preventions
- May be stored together

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Note: Depending on other risk factors, compatibility assessment based on the table above may not be relevant to storage situations, particularly where large volumes of dangerous goods are stored and handled. Reference should be made to the Safety Data Sheets for each substance or article and risks assessed accordingly.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

| Source | Ingredient | Material name | TWA | STEL | Peak | Notes |
|---|--|----------------------|---------|----------|---------------|---|
| New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES) | distillates, petroleum, middle, hydrotreated | Oil mist, mineral | 5 mg/m3 | 10 mg/m3 | Not Available | om - Sampled by a method that does not collect vapour |

| Ingredient | Original IDLH | Revised IDLH |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| distillates, petroleum, middle, hydrotreated | 2,500 mg/m3 | Not Available |

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment









Eye and face protection

- Safety glasses with side shields
- ► Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]
- ▶ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience.

Skin protection

See Hand protection below

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Hands/feet protection

The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice.

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care.

- Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

Body protection

See Other protection below

Other protection

- Overalls.
- P.V.C apron. Barrier cream.
- Skin cleansing cream.

Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

| Required Minimum Protection Factor | Half-Face Respirator | Full-Face Respirator | Powered Air Respirator |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| up to 10 x ES | A-AUS P2 | - | A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2 |
| up to 50 x ES | - | A-AUS / Class 1 P2 | - |
| up to 100 x ES | - | A-2 P2 | A-PAPR-2 P2 ^ |

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

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SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Amber liquid with a hydrocarbon-like odour; not miscible with water. | | |
|---|--|---|----------------|
| | | | |
| Physical state | Liquid | Relative density (Water = 1) | 0.863 |
| Odour | Not Available | Partition coefficient n- octanol / water | Not Available |
| Odour threshold | Not Available | Auto-ignition temperature (°C) | Not Available |
| pH (as supplied) | 6-8 | Decomposition temperature (°C) | Not Available |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Available | Viscosity (cSt) | 341.1 |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | Not Available | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not Applicable |
| Flash point (°C) | 240 | Taste | Not Available |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available | Explosive properties | Not Available |
| Flammability | Not Applicable | Oxidising properties | Not Available |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Available | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) | Not Available |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Available | Volatile Component (%vol) | Not Available |
| Vapour pressure (kPa) | Not Available | Gas group | Not Available |
| Solubility in water | Immiscible | pH as a solution (1%) | Not Available |
| Vapour density (Air = 1) | <1 | VOC g/L | Not Available |
| Heat of Combustion (kJ/g) | Not Available | Ignition Distance (cm) | Not Available |
| Flame Height (cm) | Not Available | Flame Duration (s) | Not Available |
| Enclosed Space Ignition Time Equivalent (s/m3) | Not Available | Enclosed Space Ignition Deflagration Density (g/m3) | Not Available |

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | See section 7 |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7 |
| Conditions to avoid | See section 7 |
| Incompatible materials | See section 7 |
| Hazardous decomposition products | See section 5 |

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

| a) Acute Toxicity | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
|---|---|
| b) Skin Irritation/Corrosion | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| c) Serious Eye Damage/Irritation | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| d) Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| e) Mutagenicity | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| f) Carcinogenicity | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| g) Reproductivity | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| h) STOT - Single Exposure | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| i) STOT - Repeated Exposure | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |

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| j) Aspiration Hazard | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Inhaled | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. | | |
| Ingestion | The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. | er classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is becaus | |
| Skin Contact | The liquid may be able to be mixed with fats or oils and may degrease the skin, producing a skin reaction described as non-allergic contact dermatitis. The material is unlikely to produce an irritant dermatitis as described in EC Directives. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material | | |
| Eye | Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival re | | |
| Chronic | Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure. | | |
| LE4320 H1 Quinplex Syn | TOXICITY | IRRITATION | |
| Food Grade Gear Oil | Not Available | Not Available | |
| | TOXICITY | IRRITATION | |
| distillates, petroleum, | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] | |
| middle, hydrotreated | Inhalation (Rat) LC50: 1.72 mg/l4h ^[1] | Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1] | |
| | Oral (Rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[2] | | |
| Legend: | Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Reg. | - | |
| DISTILLATES, PETROLEUM, MIDDLE, HYDROTREATED | carbon chain lengths likely to be present in mineral oil, n-paraf paraffins. The major classes of hydrocarbons are well absorbed into the hydrophobic hydrocarbons are ingested in association with fats lipoprotein particles in the gut lymph, but most hydrocarbons p The materials included in the Lubricating Base Oils category a The potential toxicity of a specific distillate base oil is inversely undergone, since: The adverse effects of these materials are associated with ure. The levels of the undesirable components are inversely related in the levels of the undesirable components are inversely related. Distillate base oils receiving the same degree or extent of proceed in the potential toxicity of residual base oils is independent of the theorem of the control of the distillate base oils contain the higher hydrocarbon molecules and have shown the highest potential severely refined distillate base oils are produced from unrefined. | fins are absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract and that the chain length, with little absorption above C30. With respect to the fins may be absorbed to a greater extent than iso- or cyclogastrointestinal tract in various species. In many cases, the is in the diet. Some hydrocarbons may appear unchanged as in the artly separate from fats and undergo metabolism in the gut cell. The related from both process and physical-chemical perspectives related to the severity or extent of processing the oil has and desirable components, and add to the degree of processing; the degree of processing the oil receives. The degree of undesirable components, have the largest variation of | |

| Acute Toxicity | × | Carcinogenicity | × |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion | × | Reproductivity | × |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation | × | STOT - Single Exposure | × |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | × | STOT - Repeated Exposure | × |
| Mutagenicity | × | Aspiration Hazard | × |

Toxicity testing has consistently shown that lubricating base oils have low acute toxicities.

For highly and severely refined distillate base oils:

smaller range of hydrocarbon molecules and have demonstrated very low mammalian toxicity. Testing of residual oils for mutation-causing and cancer-causing potential has shown negative results, supporting the belief that these materials lack

In animal studies, the acute, oral, semilethal dose is >5g/kg body weight and the semilethal dose by skin contact is >2g/kg body weight. The semilethal concentration for inhalation is 2.18 to >4 mg/L. The materials have varied from "non-irritating" to

biologically active components or the components are largely non-bioavailable due to their molecular size.

"moderately irritating" when tested for skin and eye irritation. Testing for sensitisation has been negative.

Data available to make classification

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SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

| LE4320 H1 Quinplex Syn Food Grade Gear Oil | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
|---|--|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| distillates, petroleum, | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
| middle, hydrotreated | NOEC(ECx) | 72h | Algae or other aquatic plants | <0.03mg/l | 1 |
| Legend: | Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data | | | | |

Drinking Water Standards: hydrocarbon total: 10 ug/l (UK max.).

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | No Data available for all ingredients | No Data available for all ingredients |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| | No Data available for all ingredients |

Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| | No Data available for all ingredients |

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.

A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate:

- Reduction
- Reuse
- Recycling
- Disposal (if all else fails)

Product / Packaging disposal

This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use.

- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- ▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.
- ${\color{red} \blacktriangleright} \ \ {\rm Recycle} \ {\rm wherever} \ {\rm possible} \ {\rm or} \ {\rm consult} \ {\rm manufacturer} \ {\rm for} \ {\rm recycling} \ {\rm options}.$
- ► Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- ▶ Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Not applicable as substance/ material is non hazardous.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant | NO |
|------------------|----------------|
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable |

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Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| Product name | Group |
|--|---------------|
| distillates, petroleum, middle, hydrotreated | Not Available |

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

| Product name | Ship Type |
|--|---------------|
| distillates, petroleum, middle, hydrotreated | Not Available |

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

| HSR Number | Group Standard |
|----------------|----------------|
| Not Applicable | Not Applicable |

Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit.

distillates, petroleum, middle, hydrotreated is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

| Hazard Class | Quantities |
|----------------|----------------|
| Not Applicable | Not Applicable |

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

| Class of substance | Quantities |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Not Applicable | Not Applicable |

Refer Group Standards for further information

Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles

Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

| Hazard Class | Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL) | Liquid (L) | Solid (kg) | Maximum quantity per package for each classification |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |

Tracking Requirements

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National Inventory Status

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| National Inventory | Status | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use | Yes | | | |
| Canada - DSL | Yes | | | |
| Canada - NDSL | No (distillates, petroleum, middle, hydrotreated) | | | |
| China - IECSC | Yes | | | |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP | Yes | | | |
| Japan - ENCS | Yes | | | |
| Korea - KECI | Yes | | | |
| New Zealand - NZIoC | Yes | | | |
| Philippines - PICCS | Yes | | | |
| USA - TSCA | All chemical substances in this product have been designated as TSCA Inventory 'Active' | | | |
| Taiwan - TCSI | Yes | | | |
| Mexico - INSQ | Yes | | | |
| Vietnam - NCI | Yes | | | |
| Russia - FBEPH | Yes | | | |
| UAE - Control List (Banned/Restricted Substances) | No (distillates, petroleum, middle, hydrotreated) | | | |
| Legend: | Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration. | | | |

SECTION 16 Other information

| Revision Date | 04/04/2025 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date | 01/09/2017 |

SDS Version Summary

| Version | Date of Update | Sections Updated |
|---------|----------------|---|
| 5.2 | 21/10/2024 | Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking - Supplier Information, Name |
| 6.1 | 04/04/2025 | Expiration. Review and Update |

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

- PC TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- ▶ PC STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ▶ ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- ► STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- ► TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。
- ▶ IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- ► ES: Exposure Standard
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- ▶ NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- ▶ LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- ▶ TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- ► OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- ▶ BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- ▶ BEI: Biological Exposure Index
- ▶ DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- ▶ PNEC: Predicted no-effect concentration
- ▶ MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

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- ▶ IMSBC: International Maritime Solid Bulk Cargoes Code
- ▶ IGC: International Gas Carrier Code

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- ▶ IBC: International Bulk Chemical Code
- ▶ AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- ▶ DSL: Domestic Substances List
- ▶ NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
- ▶ IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
- ▶ EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
- ▶ ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- ▶ NLP: No-Longer Polymers
- ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
- ▶ KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- ▶ NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- ▶ PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- ▶ TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- ► TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
- INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas
- ▶ NCI: National Chemical Inventory
- ▶ FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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